

## Hybrid

## Emergency Response Guide



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## Foreword

In February 2010, Toyota released the Toyota Camry petrol-electric hybrid vehicle. Except where noted in this guide, basic vehicle systems and features for the Hybrid Camry are the same as those on the conventional non-hybrid Toyota Camry. To educate and assist emergency responders in the safe handling of the Hybrid Camry technology, Toyota published this Hybrid Camry Emergency Response Guide.

High voltage electricity powers the electric motor, generator, air conditioning (A/C) compressor, and inverter/converter. All other automotive electrical devices such as the headlights, horn, radio, and gauges are powered from a separate 12 Volt battery. Numerous safeguards have been designed into the Hybrid Camry to help ensure the high voltage, approximately 245 Volts, Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH) Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery pack is kept safe and secure in an accident.

The Hybrid Camry utilizes the following electrical systems:

- Nominal 12 Volts DC
- Maximum 34 Volts AC
- Nominal 245 Volts DC
- Maximum 650 Volts AC

Hybrid Camry Features:

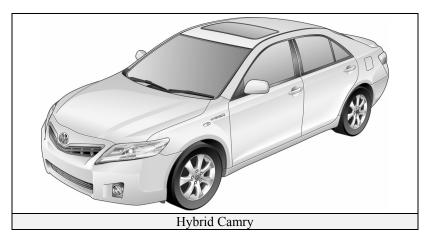
- The body electrical system rated at 12 Volts negative chassis ground.
- A high voltage Electric Power Steering (EPS) assist motor rated at 34 Volts.
- The high voltage hybrid vehicle battery pack is rated at 245 Volts.
- A high voltage motor driven air conditioning compressor rated at 245 Volts.
- A boost converter in the inverter assembly boosts to 650 Volts the maximum available voltage to the electric motor.

• Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) consisting of dual stage frontal airbags, driver knee airbag, front seatback mounted side impact airbags, curtain shield airbags, and front seat belt pretensioners.

High voltage electrical safety is an important factor in the emergency handling of the Hybrid Camry Synergy Drive system. It is important to recognize and understand the disabling procedures and warnings throughout the guide.

Additional topics in the guide include:

- Toyota Hybrid Camry identification.
- Major Hybrid Synergy Drive component locations and descriptions.
- Extrication, fire, recovery, and additional emergency response information.
- Roadside assistance information.



This guide is intended to assist emergency responders in the safe handling of a Toyota Hybrid Camry vehicle during an incident.

NOTE:

Emergency Response Guides for Toyota hybrid and alternative fuel vehicles may be viewed at http://techinfo.toyota.com.

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## About the Hybrid Camry

The Camry joins the PRIUS as hybrid models for Toyota. Hybrid Synergy Drive means that the vehicle contains a petrol engine and an electric motor for power. The two hybrid power sources are stored on board the vehicle:

- 1. Petrol stored in the fuel tank for the petrol engine.
- 2. Electricity stored in a high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery pack for the electric motors.

The result of combining these two power sources is improved fuel economy and reduced emissions. The petrol engine also powers an electric generator to recharge the battery pack; unlike a pure all electric vehicle, the Hybrid Camry never needs to be recharged from an external electric power source.

Depending on the driving conditions one or both sources are used to power the vehicle. The following illustration demonstrates how the Hybrid Camry operates in various driving modes.

- During light acceleration at low speeds, the vehicle is powered by the electric motors. The petrol engine is shut off.
- During normal driving, the vehicle is powered mainly by the petrol engine. The petrol engine also powers the generator to recharge the battery pack.

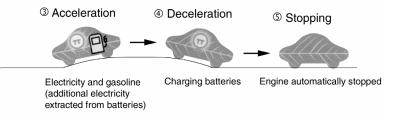
② Normal Driving

Electricity and gasoline

① Starting

Electricity

- During full acceleration, such as climbing a hill, both the petrol engine and the electric motor power the vehicle.
- During deceleration, such as when braking, the vehicle regenerates kinetic energy from the front wheels to produce electricity that recharges the battery pack.
- While the vehicle is stopped, the petrol engine and electric motors are off, however the vehicle remains on and operational.



## Hybrid Camry Identification

In appearance, the Hybrid Camry is nearly identical to the conventional non-hybrid Toyota Camry. The Hybrid Camry is a 4-door sedan. Exterior, interior, and engine compartment illustrations are provided to assist in identification.

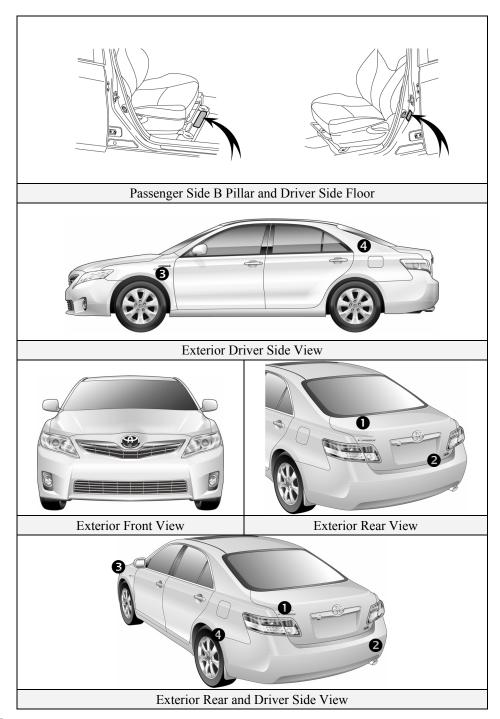
The alphanumeric 17 character Vehicle Identification Number (VIN) is provided in the front windshield cowl and driver door pillar.

Example VIN: <u>6T153FK</u>4000000000

A Hybrid Camry is identified by the first 6 alphanumeric characters **6T153FK**.

### Exterior

- CAMPRY logo on the boot lid.
- logo on the boot lid.
- HYBRIDID logo on each front fender.
- Petrol fuel filler door located on the left side rear quarter panel.



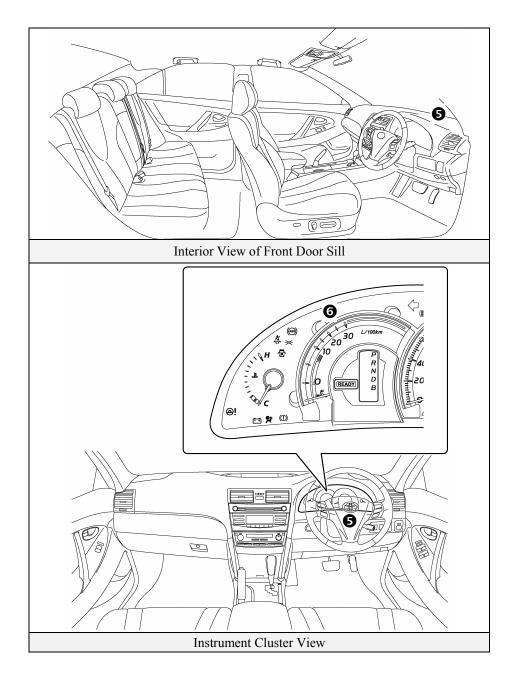
## Hybrid Camry Identification (Continued)

#### Interior

- The instrument cluster (speedometer, fuel gauge, and warning lights) located in the dash behind the steering wheel, is different than the one on the conventional, non-hybrid Camry.
- In place of a tachometer, a fuel meter showing little per 100 km consumption is used. A multi-information display showing energy flow is provided in the centre of the speedometer.

#### NOTE:

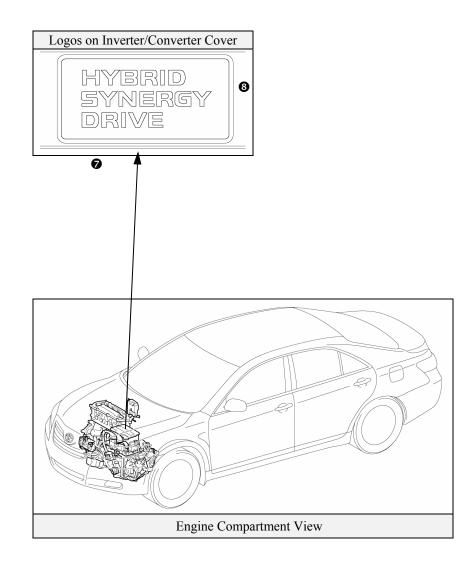
If the vehicle is shut off, the instrument cluster gauges will be "blacked out", not illuminated.



## Hybrid Camry Identification (Continued)

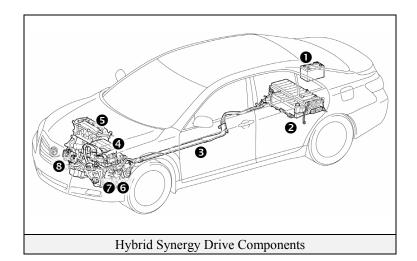
Engine Compartment

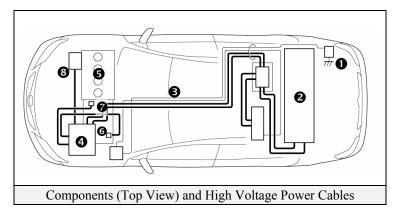
- 2.4 litre aluminium alloy petrol engine.
  B High voltage inverter/converter assembly with logo on the plastic cover.



## Hybrid Synergy Drive Component Locations & Descriptions

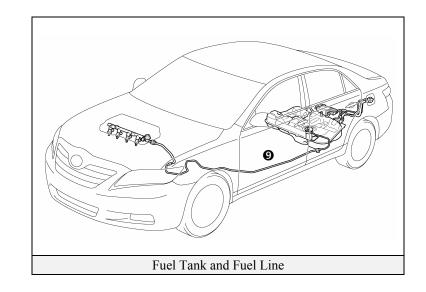
Component	Location	Description
12 Volt <b>1</b> Auxiliary Battery	Boot Area	A lead-acid battery that supplies power to the low voltage devices.
Hybrid <b>2</b> Vehicle (HV) Battery Pack	Boot Area, Mounted to Cross Member and behind Rear Seat	245 Volt Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH) battery pack consisting of 34 low voltage (7.2 Volt) modules connected in series.
Power <b>3</b> Cables	Under Passenger Side Floor Pan and Engine Compartment	Orange coloured power cables carry high voltage Direct Current (DC) between the HV battery pack, inverter/converter, and A/C compressor. These cables also carry 3- phase Alternating Current (AC) between the inverter/converter, electric motors, and generator.
Inverter/ Converter <b>4</b>	Engine Compartment	Boosts and inverts the high voltage electricity from the HV battery pack to 3- phase AC electricity that drives the electric motors. The inverter/converter also converts AC electricity from the electric generator and electric motors (regenerative braking) to DC that recharges the HV battery pack.
Petrol <b>9</b> Engine	Engine Compartment	Provides two functions: 1) Powers vehicle. 2) Powers generator to recharge the HV battery pack. The engine is started and stopped under control of the vehicle computer.
Electric <b>G</b> Motor	Engine Compartment	3-phase high voltage AC permanent magnet electric motor contained in the front transaxle. It is used to power the front wheels.
Electric <b>O</b> Generator	Engine Compartment	3-phase high voltage AC generator that is contained in the transaxle and recharges the HV battery pack.





# Hybrid Synergy Drive Component Locations & Descriptions (Continued)

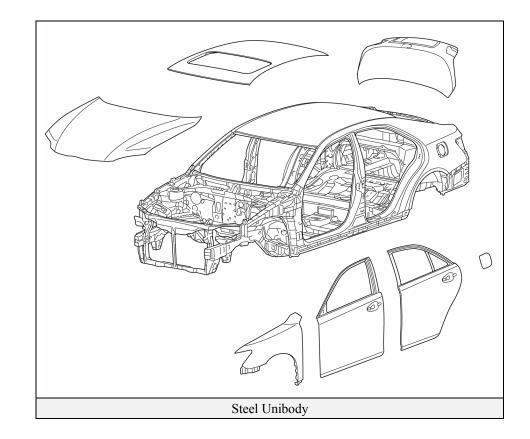
Component	Location	Description
A/C Compressor (with Inverter) 3	Engine Compartment	3-phase high voltage AC electrically driven motor compressor.
Fuel Tank and Fuel Line <b>9</b>	and Centre	The fuel tank provides petrol via a fuel line to the engine. The fuel line is routed under the centre of vehicle.



# Hybrid Synergy Drive Component Locations & Descriptions (Continued)

## Key Specifications:

Petrol Engine:	147 hp (110 kW), 2.4-litre Aluminium Alloy Engine
Electric Motor:	141 hp (105 kW), Permanent Magnet Motor
Transmission:	Automatic Only
HV Battery:	245 Volt Sealed NiMH Battery Pack
Curb Weight:	3,638 lbs / 1,650 kg
Fuel Tank:	17.2 gals / 65 litres
Frame Material:	Steel Unibody
Body Material:	Steel Panels



## **Smart Entry and Start System**

The Hybrid Camry smart entry and start system consists of a smart key transceiver that communicates bi-directionally, enabling the vehicle to recognize the smart key in proximity to the vehicle. Once recognized, the smart key will allow the user to lock and unlock the doors without pushing smart key buttons, and start the vehicle without inserting it into an ignition switch.

Smart key features:

- Passive (remote) function to lock/unlock the doors, unlock the boot, and start the vehicle.
- Wireless transmitter to lock/unlock the doors and unlock the boot lid.
- Hidden metal cut key to lock/unlock the doors.

#### Door (Lock/Unlock)

There are several methods available to lock/unlock the doors.

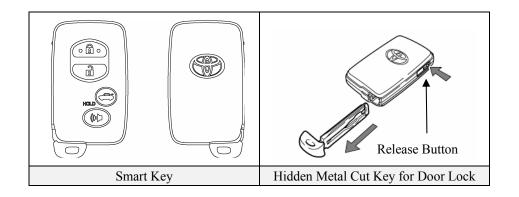
- Pushing the smart key lock/unlock buttons will lock/unlock all doors.
- Touching the sensor on the backside of either exterior front door handle, with the smart key in close proximity to the vehicle, unlocks the doors. Pushing the lock button on either exterior front door handle locks the doors.
- Inserting the hidden metal cut key in the driver door lock and turning clockwise once unlocks the driver door, twice unlocks all doors. To lock all doors turn the key counter clockwise once. Only the driver door contains an exterior door lock for the metal cut key.

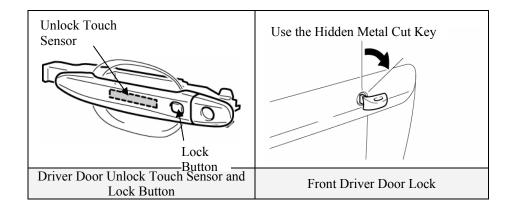
#### •

#### Boot (Lock/Unlock)

Three methods are available to lock/unlock the boot.

- 1. Pushing wireless smart key boot opener button.
- 2. Operating the boot lock release lever located on the floor next to the driver seat.
- 3. Inserting the hidden metal cut key in boot lock and turning clockwise unlocks the boot lid. For valet service, turning the metal cut key counter clockwise locks and deactivates the smart key and release lever from opening the boot.



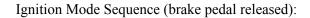


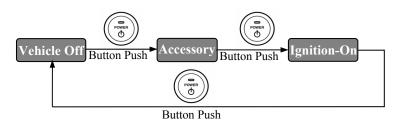
## Smart Entry and Start System (Continued)

#### Vehicle Starting/Stopping

The smart key has replaced the conventional metal cut key, and the power button with an integral status indicator light has replaced the ignition switch. The smart key only needs to be in proximity to the vehicle to allow the system to function.

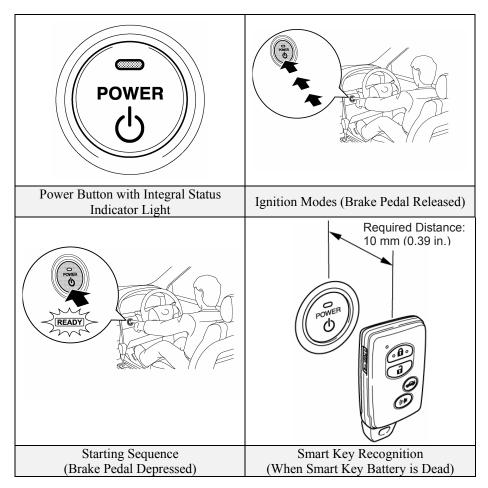
• With the brake pedal released, the first push of the power button operates the accessory mode, the second push operates the ignition-on mode, and the third push turns the ignition off again.





- Starting the vehicle takes priority over all other ignition modes and is accomplished by depressing the brake pedal and pushing the power button once. To verify the vehicle has started, check that the power button status indicator light is off and the **READY** light is illuminated in the instrument cluster.
- If the internal smart key battery is dead, use the following method to start the vehicle.
  - 1. Touch the Toyota emblem side of the smart key to the power button.
  - 2. Within the 5 seconds after the buzzer sounds, push the power button with the brake pedal depressed (the **READY** light will illuminate).
- Once the vehicle has started and is on and operational (**READY**-ON), the vehicle is shut off by bringing the vehicle to a complete stop, placing the gearshift lever in **P**ark, and then depressing the power button once.

Ignition Mode	Power Button Indicator Light
Off	Off
Accessory	Amber
Ignition-On	Amber
Brake Pedal Depressed	Green
Vehicle Started (READY-ON)	Off
Malfunction	Blinking Amber



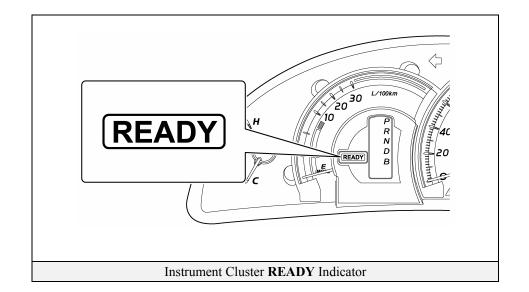
## Hybrid Synergy Drive Operation

Once the **READY** indicator is illuminated in the instrument cluster, the vehicle may be driven. However, the petrol engine does not idle like a typical automobile and will start and stop automatically. It is important to recognize and understand the **READY** indicator provided in the instrument cluster. When lit, it informs the driver that the vehicle is on and operational even though the petrol engine may be off and the engine compartment is silent.

#### **Vehicle Operation**

- With the Hybrid Camry, the petrol engine may stop and start at any time while the **READY** indicator is on.
- Never assume that the vehicle is shut off just because the engine is off. Always look for the **READY** indicator status. The vehicle is shut off when the **READY** indicator is off.
- The vehicle may be powered by:
  - 1. The electric motors only.
  - 2. The petrol engine only.
  - 3. A combination of both the electric motors and the petrol engine.

• The vehicle computer determines the mode in which the vehicle operates to improve fuel economy and reduce emissions. The driver cannot manually select the mode.



## Hybrid Vehicle (HV) Battery Pack

The Hybrid Camry features a high voltage Hybrid Vehicle (HV) battery pack that contains sealed Nickel Metal Hydride (NiMH) battery modules.

#### **HV Battery Pack**

- The HV battery pack is enclosed in a metal case and is rigidly mounted to • the cabin area floor pan cross member under the second row rear seat. The metal case is isolated from high voltage and concealed by carpet in the cabin area.
- The HV battery pack consists of 34 low voltage (7.2 Volt) NiMH battery ٠ modules connected in series to produce approximately 245 Volts. Each NiMH battery module is non-spillable and sealed in a metal case.
- The electrolyte used in the NiMH battery module is an alkaline mixture of ٠ potassium and sodium hydroxide. The electrolyte is absorbed into the battery cell plates and will not normally leak, even in a collision.

HV Battery Pack		
Battery pack voltage	245 V	
Number of NiMH battery modules in the pack	34	
NiMH battery module voltage	7.2 V	
NiMH battery module dimensions	5 x 1 x 11 in. (118 x 20 x 276 mm)	
NiMH module weight	2.3 lbs (1.0 kg)	
NiMH battery Pack dimensions	8 x 34 x 19 in. (190 x 850 x 495 mm)	
NiMH battery Pack weight	114.6 lbs (52 kg)	

#### Components Powered by the HV Battery Pack

Electric Motor •

•

• Power Cables

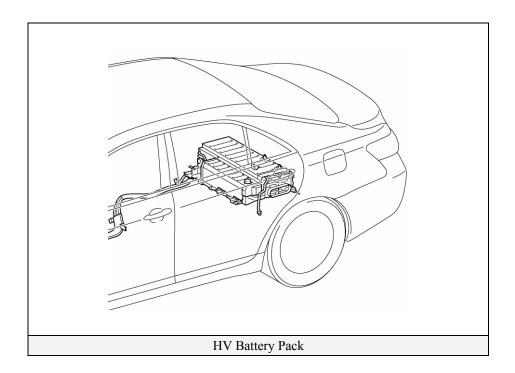
- Inverter/Converter ٠
- DC-DC Converter •

A/C Compressor

Electric Generator

#### HV Battery Pack Recycling

The HV battery pack is recyclable. Contact the nearest Toyota dealer. •

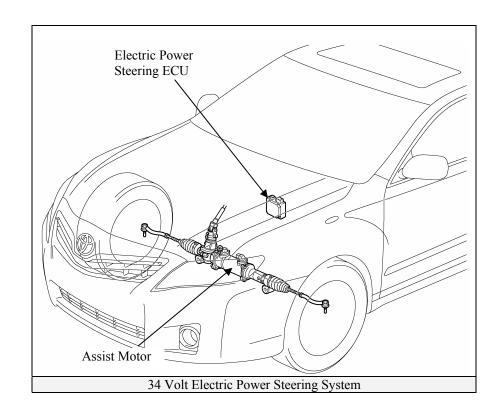


## 34 Volt System

The Hybrid Camry is equipped with a 34 Volt AC assist motor for the Electric Power Steering (EPS) system. The EPS computer generates 34 Volts from the 12 Volt system. The 34 Volt wires are isolated from the metal chassis and routed a short distance from the EPS computer to the EPS assist motor in the engine compartment.

NOTE:

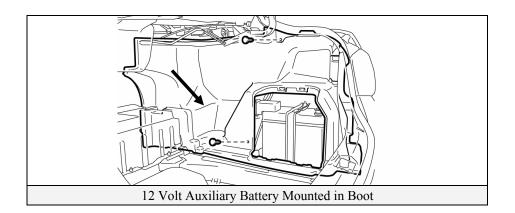
34 Volt AC has a higher arc potential than the normal 12 Volt DC.



## Low Voltage Battery

Auxiliary Battery

- The Hybrid Camry contains a lead-acid 12 Volt auxiliary battery. The 12 Volt auxiliary battery powers the vehicle's electrical system similar to a conventional vehicle. As with conventional vehicles, the negative terminal of the auxiliary battery is grounded to the metal chassis of the vehicle.
- The auxiliary battery is located in the boot and concealed by a plastic cover on the passenger side in the rear quarter panel well.



## **High Voltage Safety**

The HV battery pack powers the high voltage electrical system with DC electricity. Positive and negative orange coloured high voltage power cables are routed from the battery pack, under the vehicle floor pan to the engine compartment, and connected to the inverter/converter. The inverter/converter contains a circuit that boosts the HV battery voltage from 245 up to 650 Volts DC. The inverter creates 3-phase AC to power the motor and generator located in the transaxle. Power cables are routed from the inverter to each high voltage motor (electric motor, electric generator, and A/C compressor). The following systems are intended to help occupants in the vehicle and emergency responders safe from high voltage electricity.

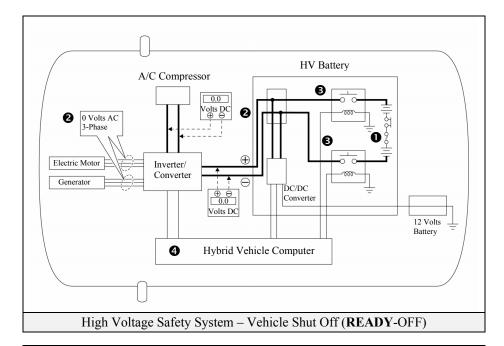
#### High Voltage Safety System

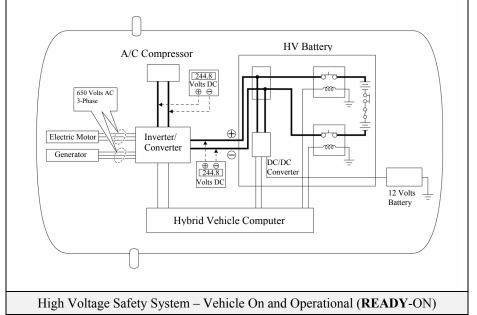
- A high voltage fuse **1** provides short circuit protection in the HV battery pack.
- Positive and negative high voltage power cables ② connected to the HV battery pack are controlled by 12 Volt normally open relays ⑤. When the vehicle is shut off, the relays stop electrical flow from leaving the HV battery pack.

## **AWARNING**:

The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or breaching any orange high voltage power cable or high voltage component.

- Both positive and negative power cables 2 are insulated from the metal chassis, so there is no possibility of electric shock when touching the metal chassis.
- A ground fault monitor **④** continuously monitors for high voltage leakage to the metal chassis while the vehicle is running. If a malfunction is detected, the hybrid vehicle computer **④** will illuminate the master warning light  $\triangle$  in the instrument cluster and indicate "Check Hybrid System" on the multi-information display.





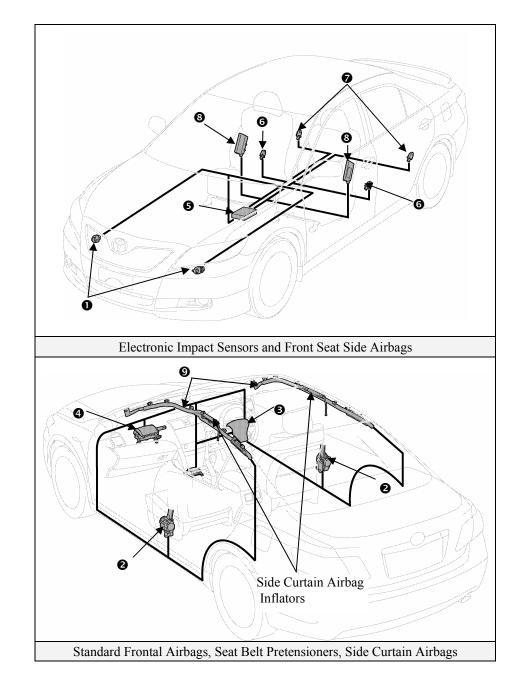
## SRS Airbags & Seat Belt Pretensioners

#### Standard Equipment

- Electronic frontal impact sensors (2) are mounted in the engine compartment **①** as illustrated on the following page.
- Front seat belt pretensioners are mounted near the base of the B-pillars **2**.
- A frontal dual stage airbag for the driver **③** is mounted in the steering wheel hub.
- A frontal dual stage airbag for the front passenger ④ is integrated into and deploys through the top of the dashboard.
- The SRS computer **S** is mounted on the floor pan underneath the centre console. It also contains an impact sensor.
- Front electronic side impact sensors (2) are mounted near the base of the Bpillars ③.
- Rear electronic side impact sensors (2) are mounted near the base of the C-pillars **2**.
- Front seat side impact airbags ③ are mounted in the seatbacks.
- Curtain shield airbags **9** are mounted along the outer edge inside the roof rails.

## **WARNING**:

The SRS may remain powered for up to 90 seconds after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from unintentional SRS deployment, avoid breaching the SRS components.

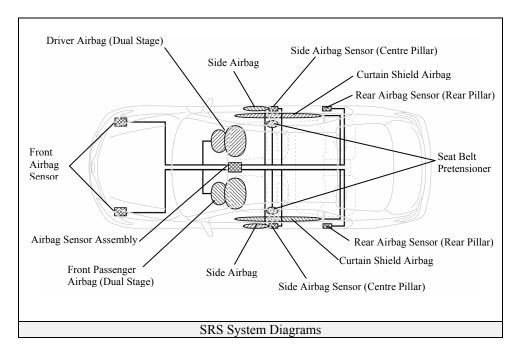


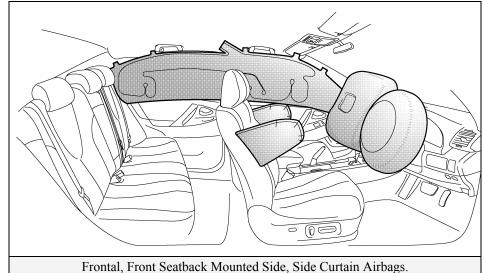
## SRS Airbags & Seat Belt Pretensioners (Continued)

#### Standard Equipment (Continued)

#### NOTE:

The front seatback mounted side airbags and the side curtain airbags may deploy independently of each other.





## **Emergency Response**

On arrival, emergency responders should follow their standard operating procedures for vehicle incidents. Emergencies involving the Hybrid Camry may be handled like other automobiles except as noted in these guidelines for Extrication, Fire, Overhaul, Recovery, Spills, First Aid, and Submersion.

## **WARNING**:

- *Never* assume the Hybrid Camry is shut off simply because it is silent.
- Always observe the instrument cluster for the **READY** indicator status to verify whether the vehicle is on or shut off. The vehicle is shut off when the **READY** indicator is off.
- Failure to shut off the vehicle before emergency response procedures are performed may result in serious injury or death from the unintentional deployment of the SRS or severe burns and electric shock from the high voltage electrical system.

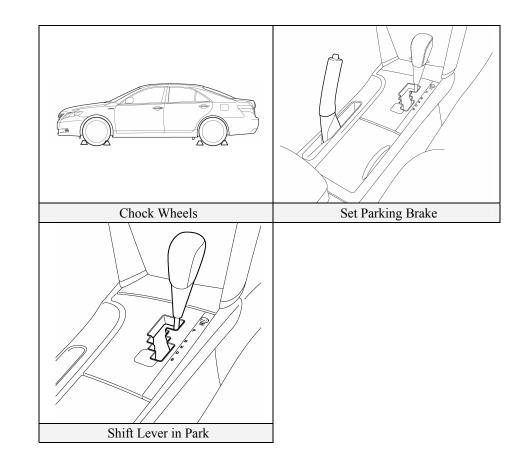
### Extrication

• Immobilize Vehicle

Chock wheels and set the parking brake. Move the shift lever to the **P**ark position.

• Disable Vehicle

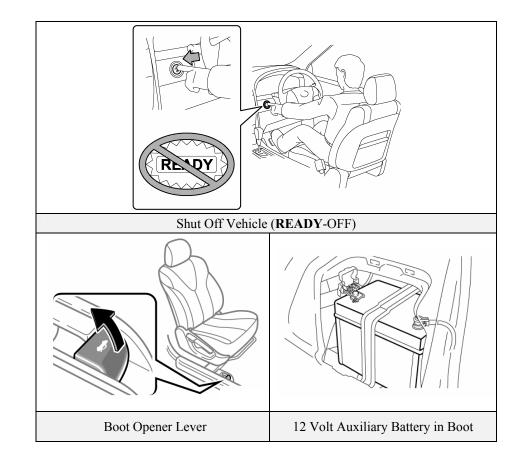
Performing either of the following two procedures will shut the vehicle off and disable the HV battery pack, SRS, and petrol fuel pump.



#### Extrication (Continued)

#### Procedure #1

- 1. Confirm the status of the **READY** indicator in the instrument cluster.
- 2. If the **READY** indicator is illuminated, the vehicle is on and operational. Shut off the vehicle by pushing the power button once.
- 3. The vehicle is already shut off if the instrument cluster lights and the **READY** indicator are not illuminated. Do **not** push the power button because the vehicle may start.
- 4. If the smart key is easily accessible, keep it at least 16 feet (5 metres) away from the vehicle.
- 5. If the smart key cannot be found, disconnect the 12 Volt auxiliary battery in the boot to prevent accidental restarting of the vehicle.



#### Extrication (Continued)

#### Procedure #2 (Alternate if power button is inaccessible)

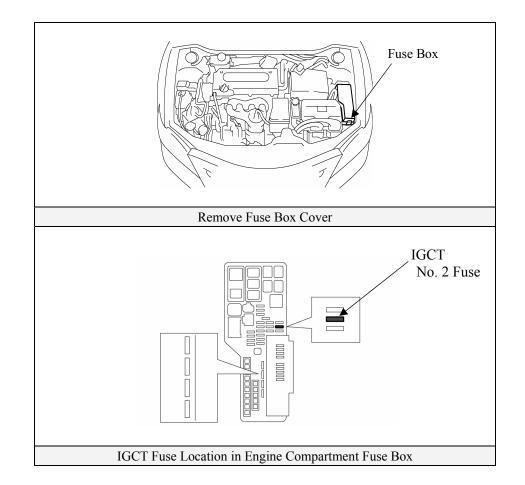
- 1. Remove the fuse box cover.
- 2. Remove the IGCT No. 2 fuse in the engine compartment fuse box (refer to illustration). If the correct fuse cannot be recognized, pull all fuses in the fuse box.
- 3. Disconnect the 12 Volt auxiliary battery in the e boot.

#### NOTE:

Before disconnecting the 12 Volt auxiliary battery, if necessary, reposition the power seats, lower the windows and unlock the doors as required. Once the 12 Volt auxiliary battery is disconnected, power controls will not operate.

## A WARNING:

- The high voltage system may remain powered for up to 10 minutes after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, avoid touching, cutting, or breaching any orange high voltage power cable or high voltage component.
- The SRS may remain powered for up to 90 seconds after the vehicle is shut off or disabled. To prevent serious injury or death from unintentional SRS deployment, avoid breaching the SRS components.
- If none of the disabling procedures can be performed, proceed with caution as there is no assurance that the high voltage electrical system, SRS, or fuel pump are disabled.



#### Extrication (Continued)

#### • Stabilize Vehicle

Crib at (4) points directly under the front and rear pillars. Do not place cribbing under the high voltage power cables, exhaust system, or fuel system.

Access Patients

#### Glass Removal

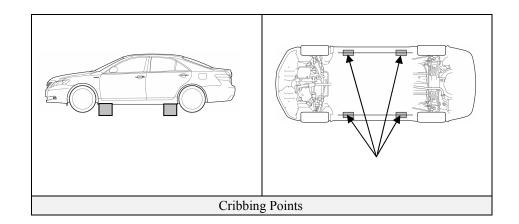
Use normal glass removal procedures as required.

#### SRS Awareness

Responders need to be cautious when working in close proximity to undeployed airbags and seat belt pretensioners. Front dual stage airbags automatically ignite both stages within a fraction of a second.

#### Door Removal/Displacement

Doors can be removed by conventional rescue tools such as hand, electric, and hydraulic tools. In certain situations, it may be easier to pry back the vehicle body to expose and unbolt the hinges.



#### Extrication (Continued)

#### Roof Removal

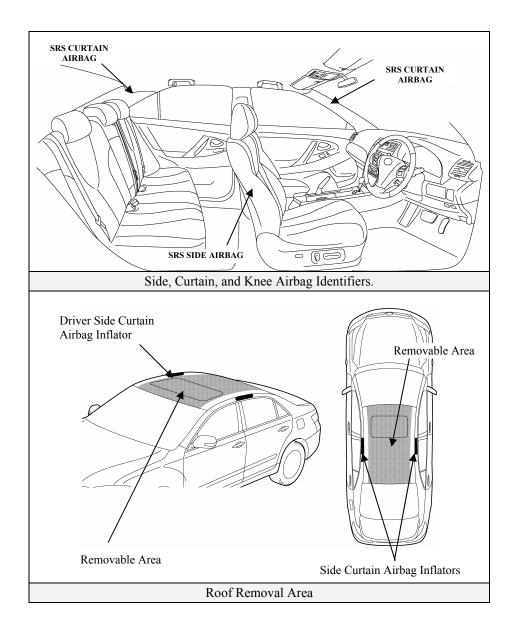
The Hybrid Camry is equipped with side curtain airbags. When undeployed, total roof removal is not recommended. Patient access through the roof can be performed by cutting the roof centre section inboard of the roof rails as illustrated. This would avoid breaching the side curtain airbags, inflators, and wiring harness.

#### NOTE:

The side curtain airbags may be identified as illustrated on this page (additional component details on page 15).

#### Dash Displacement

The Hybrid Camry is equipped with side curtain airbags. When undeployed, total roof removal is not recommended to avoid breaching the side curtain airbags, inflators, and wiring harness. As an alternative, dash displacement may be performed by using a Modified Dash Roll.



#### Extrication (Continued)

#### Rescue Lift Air Bags

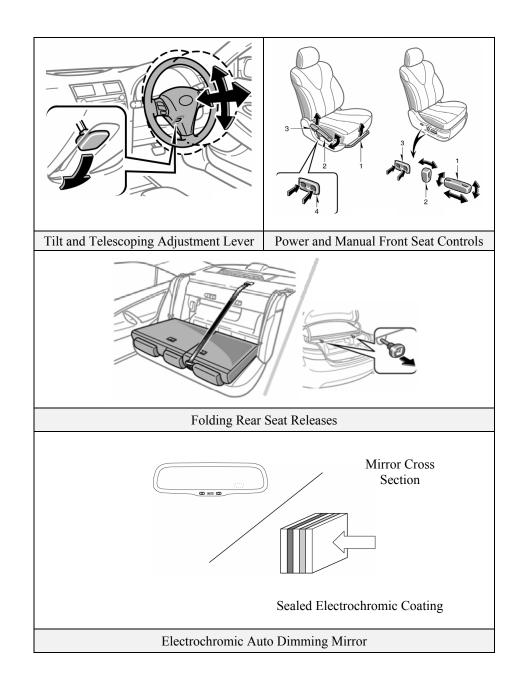
Responders should not place cribbing or rescue lift air bags under the high voltage power cables, exhaust system, or fuel system.

#### Repositioning Steering Wheel and Front Seats

Telescopic steering wheel and seat controls are shown in the illustrations.

#### NOTE:

The Hybrid Camry may be equipped with a electrochromic auto dimming rear view mirror. The mirror contains a minimal amount of transparent gel sealed between two glass plates that will not normally leak.



#### Fire

Approach and extinguish a fire using proper vehicle fire fighting practices as recommended by NFPA, IFSTA, or the National Fire Academy (USA).

#### • Extinguishing Agent

Water has been proven to be a suitable extinguishing agent.

• Initial Fire Attack

Perform a fast, aggressive fire attack. Divert the runoff from entering watershed areas. Attack teams may not be able to identify a Hybrid Camry until the fire has been knocked down and overhaul operations have commenced.

• Fire in the HV Battery Pack

Should a fire occur in the NiMH HV battery pack, attack crews should utilize a water stream or fog pattern to extinguish any fire within the vehicle *except* for the HV battery pack.

## **A WARNING:**

- The NiMH battery electrolyte is a caustic alkaline (pH 13.5) that is damaging to human tissues. To avoid injury by coming in contact with the electrolyte, wear proper personal protective equipment.
- The battery modules are contained within a metal case and accessibility is limited.
- To avoid serious injury or death from severe burns or electric shock, **never** breach or remove the high voltage battery pack cover under any circumstance including fire.

When allowed to burn themselves out, the Hybrid Camry NiMH battery modules burn rapidly and can quickly be reduced to ashes except for the metal.

#### Offensive Fire Attack

*Normally,* flooding an NiMH HV battery pack with copious amounts of water at a safe distance will effectively control the HV battery pack fire by cooling the adjacent NiMH battery modules to a point below their ignition temperature. The remaining modules on fire, if not extinguished by the water, will burn themselves out.

However, flooding the Camry HV battery pack is <u>not</u> recommended due to the battery case design and location preventing the responder from properly applying water through the available vent openings safely. Therefore, it is recommended that the incident commander allow the Camry HV battery pack to burn itself out.

#### Defensive Fire Attack

If the decision has been made to fight the fire using a defensive attack, the fire attack crew should pull back a safe distance and allow the NiMH battery modules to burn themselves out. During this defensive operation, fire crews may utilize a water stream or fog pattern to protect exposures or to control the path of smoke.

#### Overhaul

During overhaul, immobilize and disable the vehicle if not already done. Refer to illustrations on page 18 and 19. The HV battery cover should *never* be breached or removed under any circumstances including fire. Doing so may result in severe electrical burns, shock, or electrocution.

• Immobilize Vehicle

Chock wheels and set the parking brake. Move the shift lever to the **P**ark position.

• Disable Vehicle

Performing either of the following two procedures will shut the vehicle off and disable the HV battery pack, SRS, and petrol fuel pump.

#### **Procedure #1**

- 1. Confirm the status of the **READY** indicator in the instrument cluster.
- 2. If the **READY** indicator is illuminated, the vehicle is on and operational. Shut off the vehicle by pushing the power button once.
- 3. The vehicle is already shut off if the instrument cluster lights and the **READY** indicator are not illuminated. Do **not** push the power button because the vehicle may start.
- 4. If the smart key is easily accessible, keep it at least 16 feet (5 metres) away from the vehicle.
- 5. If the smart key cannot be found, disconnect the 12 Volt auxiliary battery in the engine compartment to prevent accidental restarting of the vehicle.

#### **Procedure #2** (Alternate if power button is inaccessible)

- 1. Remove the fuse box cover.
- 2. Remove the **IGCT** No. 2 fuse (30A green coloured) in the engine compartment fuse box as illustrated on page 19. If the correct fuse cannot be recognized, pull all fuses in the fuse box.
- 3. Disconnect the 12 Volt auxiliary battery in the boot.

#### Recovering/Recycling of NiMH HV Battery Pack

Clean up of the HV battery pack can be accomplished by the vehicle recovery crew without further concern of runoff or spillage. For information regarding recycling of the HV battery pack, contact the nearest Toyota dealer.

#### **Spills**

The Hybrid Camry contains the same common automotive fluids used in other non-hybrid Toyota vehicles, with the exception of the NiMH electrolyte used in the HV battery pack. The NiMH battery electrolyte is a caustic alkaline (pH 13.5) that is damaging to human tissues. The electrolyte, however, is absorbed in the cell plates and will not normally spill or leak out even if a battery module is cracked. A catastrophic crash that would breach both the metal battery pack case and a metal battery module would be a rare occurrence.

Similar to the use of baking soda to neutralize a lead-acid battery electrolyte spill, a dilute boric acid solution or vinegar can be used to neutralize a NiMH battery electrolyte spill.

#### NOTE:

Electrolyte leakage from the HV battery pack is unlikely due to its construction and the amount of available electrolyte contained within the NiMH modules. Any spillage would not warrant a declaration as a hazardous material incident. Responders should follow the recommendations as outlined in this emergency response guide.

In an emergency, manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) are available by contacting:

• Handle NiMH electrolyte spills using the following Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):

Splash shield or safety goggles. Fold down helmet shields are not acceptable for acid or electrolyte spills. Rubber, latex or nitrile gloves.

Apron suitable for alkaline.

Rubber boots

• Neutralize NiMH Electrolyte

Use a boric acid solution or vinegar.

Boric acid solution - 800 grams boric acid to 20 litres water or 5.5 ounces boric acid to 1 gallon of water.

### First Aid

Emergency responders may not be familiar with a NiMH electrolyte exposure when rendering aid to a patient. Exposure to the electrolyte is unlikely except in a catastrophic crash or through improper handling. Utilize the following guidelines in the event of exposure.

## **WARNING**:

The NiMH battery electrolyte is a caustic alkaline (pH 13.5) that is damaging to human tissues. To avoid injury by coming in contact with the electrolyte, wear proper personal protective equipment.

- Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) Splash shield or safety goggles. Fold down helmet shields are not acceptable for acid or electrolyte spills. Rubber, latex or nitrile gloves.
  - Apron suitable for alkaline.

Rubber boots.

• Absorption

Perform gross decontamination by removing affected clothing and properly disposing of the garments. Rinse the affected areas with water for 20 minutes. Transport patients to the nearest emergency medical care facility.

- Inhalation in Non-Fire Situations No toxic gases are emitted under normal conditions.
- Inhalation in Fire Situations

Toxic gases are given off as by-products of combustion. All responders in the Hot Zone should wear the proper PPE for fire fighting including SCBA.

Move a patient from the hazardous environment to a safe area and administer oxygen.

Transport patients to the nearest emergency medical care facility.

• Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting.

Allow the patient to drink large quantities of water to dilute the electrolyte (never give water to an unconscious person).

#### First Aid (Continued)

If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep the patient's head lowered and forward to reduce the risk of asphyxiation.

Transport patients to the nearest emergency medical care facility.

#### Submersion

A submerged hybrid vehicle does not have high voltage potential on the metal vehicle body, and is safe to touch.

#### Access Patients

Responders can access the patient and perform normal extrication procedures. High voltage orange colour coded power cables and high voltage components should never be touched, cut, or breached.

#### Vehicle Recovery

If a hybrid vehicle is fully or partially submerged in water, emergency responders may not be able to determine if the vehicle has been automatically disabled. The Hybrid Camry may be handled by following these recommendations:

- 1. Remove the vehicle from the water.
- 2. Drain the water from the vehicle if possible.
- 3. Follow the immobilizing and disabling procedures on page 17.

### **Roadside Assistance**

Roadside assistance for the Toyota Hybrid Camry may be handled like conventional Toyota vehicles except as noted in the following pages.

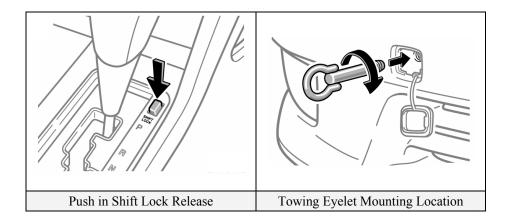
#### Shift Lever

Similar to many Toyota vehicles, the Hybrid Camry uses a gated shift lever as shown in the illustration. However, the Hybrid Camry shift lever includes a **B** position, allowing enhanced engine braking when driving down a steep grade.

#### Towing

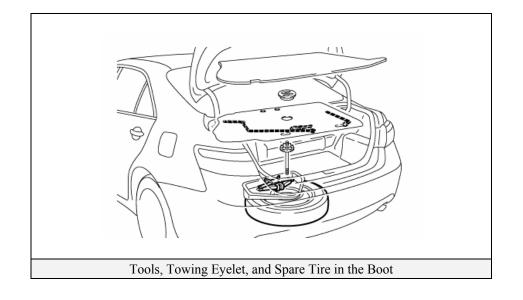
The Hybrid Camry is a front wheel drive vehicle and it must be towed with the front wheels off the ground. Failure to do so may cause serious damage to vehicle components.

- The vehicle may be shifted out of **P**ark into Neutral by turning the ignition-on, depressing the brake, then moving the gated shift lever to **N**.
- If the shift lever cannot be moved out of **P**ark, a shift lock release button is provided under the cover near the shift lever as shown in the illustration.
- If a tow truck is not available, in an emergency the vehicle may be temporarily towed using a cable or chain secured to the emergency towing eyelet or rear hooks. This should only be attempted on hard, paved roads for short distances at low speeds. The eyelet is located with the tools in the cargo area of the vehicle, refer to the illustration on page 28.



## Roadside Assistance (Continued)

Spare Tire The jack, tools, towing eyelet, and spare tire are provided in the boot as illustrated.



## **Roadside Assistance (Continued)**

#### Jump Starting

The 12 Volt auxiliary battery may be jump started if the vehicle does not start and the instrument cluster gauges are dim or off after depressing the brake pedal and pushing the power button.

The 12 Volt auxiliary battery is located in the boot. Use the remote boot release or metal cut key hidden in the smart key to open the boot.

- Open the boot, and remove the 12 Volt auxiliary battery cover on the passenger side.
- Connect the positive jumper cable to the positive battery post following the numbered sequence.
- Connect the negative jumper cable to the metal boot latch following the numbered sequence.
- Place the smart key in proximity to the vehicle, depress the brake pedal, and push the power button.

#### NOTE:

If the vehicle does not recognize the smart key after connecting the booster battery to the vehicle, open and close the driver door when the vehicle is shut off.

If the smart key internal battery is dead, touch the Toyota emblem side of the smart key to the power button during the start sequence. See the instructions and illustrations on page 9 for more details.

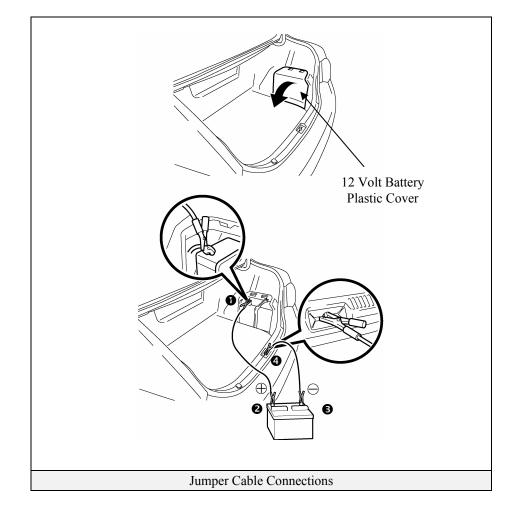
• The high voltage HV battery pack cannot be jump started.

#### Immobilizer & Anti-Theft Alarm

The Hybrid Camry is equipped with a standard immobilizer system and an anti-theft alarm.

- The vehicle can be started only with a registered smart key.
- To disarm the anti-theft alarm, unlock the door by using the smart key button or door handle touch sensor.

Turning the ignition-on or starting the vehicle will also disarm the anti-theft alarm.



## Product Safety Data Sheet Information

HYBRID BATTERY ASSY, HV		Prismatic Nickel Metal-hydride B	attery Module
Parts Name	Parts No.	Model name	PSDS
BATTERY ASSY, HV	EV-PNR22A (G9280-47080)	EV-MP6R5R02 (GEN II.)	Attached
BATTERY ASSY, HV	EV-PNR34A (G9280-75010)	EV-MP6R5R02 (GEN II.)	Attached

	Pr	oduct Safe	ety Data S	Sheet	
This r	roduct (a battery) is an "Articl	e" pursuant to 29CFF	- 1910.1200 and. as	such, is not subject to	the OSHA Hazard
-	nunication Standard requireme	-		-	
This I	Product Safety Data Sheet is pr	epared only to provid	e information to ou	r customers.	
1. PR	ODUCT IDENTIFICATION				
1.1	Product name	Prismatic Nickel M	etal Hydride Battery	r (Module)	
1.2	Applicable models	Plastic Case Prisma	tic Module		
		EV-MP6R5R01 (GI	EN I)		
		EV-MP6R5R02 (GI	EN I)		
1.3	Product use	Hybrid Vehicle Batt	ery		
1.4	Name of manufacturer	Panasonic EV Energ	zy Co., Ltd.		
1.5	Address of manufacturer	20,0kasaki,Kosai-C	ity,Shizuoka, 431-0	)422 Japan	
1.6	Phone number of manufacturer	+81-53-577-3592 (J	apan)		
1.7	Name of person in charge	Osamu Takahashi	_		
1.8	Issue number	P0157			
2. CO	+ MPOSITION & INGREDIEN	I I INFORMATION			
				Exposure 1	imits in air
	Chemical name	Chemical symbol	CAS. No.	ACGIH	OSHA
Positi	ve electrode, composed of:				
•Nicl	kel hydroxide	Ni(OH)2	12054-48-7	0.2mg/m3	1mg/m3
•Nicl	kel	Ni	7440-02-0	0.2mg/m3	1mg/m3
•Cob	alt	Co	7440-48-4	0.02mg/m3	0.1mg/m3
Nega	tive electrode, composed of:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	drogen absorbing alloy	*1			
•Iron		Fe	7439-89-6	NA	NA
Alkal	line electrolyte	*2			
*1: M	ain contents contained in hydro	ogen abosorbing allo	/		
Ma	ckel(Ni)-CAS#7440-02-0, Cob Inganese (Mn)-CAS#7439-96-: re earths: Lanthanum (La)-CA	5, Aluminum (Al)-CA	AS#7429-90-5,	15 1	
лa	Neodymium (Nd)-CS		. ,		
*2: M	ain contents contained in alkal		, , ,		
	Pottassium hydroxide (KOH)-	4			
	Sodium hydroxide (NaOH)-C.				
	Lithium hydroxide (LiOH)-Ca	AS#1310-65-2			
	ZARD IDENTIFICATION				
-	roduct is not dangerous as long				
	e product is a storage device fo: n health or the environment uni				dverse effect on
i i carinan		ess are puer and cerr	cubings are oreacted	····	
3.1	Physical and chemical hazard				
				ordance with its desig the battery may be da	
		out of the casing du	•		ingerous it utey fear
		This product may ca	use electric shock,	fire, or injury if it is u	
		other than those pre-	scribed or without f	ollowing the designat	ed usage.

3.3 4. FIR In the contac	_	This product is not hazardous to human health in normal use. How ever, if the product dismantle or is breached, the alkaline electrolyte or materials that may leak out of the outer casing may adversely affect human health. This product contains both nickel compounds and cobalt, which are classified as carcinogens by IARC and NTP. This product is not hazardous to the environment as long as it is used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. How ever, the contents of the product may have an adverse effect on the environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
4. FIR In the contac	ST AID MEASURES event of the leakage of the alk	materials that may leak out of the outer casing may adversely affect human health. This product contains both nickel compounds and cobalt, which are classified as carcinogens by IARC and NTP. This product is not hazardous to the environment as long as it is used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. However, the contents of the product may have an adverse effect on the environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
4. FIR In the contac	ST AID MEASURES event of the leakage of the alk	This product contains both nickel compounds and cobalt, which are classified as carcinogens by IARC and NTP. This product is not hazardous to the environment as long as it is used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. However, the contents of the product may have an adverse effect on the environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
4. FIR In the contac	ST AID MEASURES event of the leakage of the alk	carcinogens by IARC and NTP. This product is not hazardous to the environment as long as it is used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. However, the contents of the product may have an adverse effect on the environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
4. FIR In the contac	ST AID MEASURES event of the leakage of the alk	prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. However, the contents of the product may have an adverse effect on the environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
In the contac	event of the leakage of the alk	However, the contents of the product may have an adverse effect on the environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
In the contac	event of the leakage of the alk	environment in the event of their leakage from the casing due to dismantle or breach of the battery.
In the contac	event of the leakage of the alk	breach of the battery.
In the contac	event of the leakage of the alk	
In the contac	event of the leakage of the alk	aline electrolate on ellecting primed and from the bettern the second second
contac	_	sting at a shark when an attenting a primary and for an the tast and the second s
4.1	t with the inquite of initiale the	taline electrolyte or alkaline mixed gas from the battery, the user may come into gas. In such an event, take the appropriate first aid measures from the following.
	Eye contact	Contact may cause comeal injury and blindness.
		Wash eyes with large amounts of running water for at least 15 minutes.
		Seek medical treatment immediately.
		If appropriate actions are not taken, eye disorders may result.
4.2	Skin contact	Wash the contact area with plenty of water.
		Seek medical treatment immediately.
		Clothing, shoes, and socks, etc. which have come into contact with alkaline
		electrolyte should be taken off immediately.
		If appropriate actions are not taken, skin inflammation may occur.
4.3	Inhalation	Move the exposed person to fresh air area immediately.
		Cover up the affected person with a blanket.
		Seek medical treatment immediately.
4.4	Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting .
		Seek medical treatment immediately.
5. FIR	EFIGHTING MEASURES	
In the	event of a battery fire, take the	e follow ing measures.
5.1	Extinguishing media and	(1) Use a dry powder acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS) fire extinguisher for
	method	fire-fighting.
		(2)Extinguishing a fire with a large amount of water may be an effective
		method .
		However, this should be considered as a supplementary means
		If there are no readily available large amounts of water, use dry sand instead; as
		the application of only a small amount of water may temporarily act as an
		accelerant and affect the fire adversely while the hydrogen storage alloy is
		burning.
	Exposure controls and	Use air-breathing apparatus when a greater risk is predicted, as noxious fumes
	personal protection for fire-	may be produced.
	fighting	
5.3	Fire spread prevention	(1) In the case of fire, remove surrounding inflammables immediately.
		(2) In the case of fire in peripheral devices, move the battery to a safe place
		immediately.
6. AC	CIDENTAL RELEASE MEA	SURES
Take t	he following measures if the a	Ikaline electrolyte has leaked out of the battery.
6.1		Wipe out the alkaline electrolyte with a cloth. Dispose of the cloth used to wipe
		out the electrolyte in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
	1	

7. HA	NDLING & STORAGE INFO	RMATION
		prohibited items. Handle the battery carefully.
	Prohibited items	<ul> <li>(1) Short-circuiting</li> <li>Short-circuiting may cause burn injury due to ignition or heating effect.</li> <li>(2) Dismantle or modification</li> <li>Alkaline electrolyte leaks when the battery (cell) disintegrates.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>(3) Overcharging or over-discharging</li> <li>Oxygen or hydrogen may be produced when the battery is overcharged or over discharged.</li> <li>(4) Use in an airtight container</li> <li>The container may explode due to the gas produced from the battery.</li> </ul>
7.2	Cautions	<ol> <li>Do not stack a battery on another battery.</li> <li>Do not store batteries on electrically conductive surfaces such as metals.</li> <li>Wear protective glasses and rubber gloves while handling batteries.</li> </ol>
8. EXI	POSURE CONTROLS & PER	SONAL PROTECTION
Take t	he following measures in the e	went of leakage of the alkaline electrolyte or alkaline mixed gas from the battery.
8.1	Facilities	<ul> <li>(1) Store the product in a depository with local exhaust systems for ventilation.</li> <li>(2) Install an exhaust system or exhaust port when the product is used in a container.</li> </ul>
8.2	Protective equipment	Wear protective glasses, protective gloves, and disaster masks.
9. PH	YSICAL & CHEMICAL PRO	PERTIES
9.1	Physical state	Solid
9.2	Order	No order
9.3	pН	Not applicable ( ELECTROLYTE : >12 )
9.4	Freezing point	Not applicable
9.5	Boiling point	Not applicable (ELECTROLYTE : 100° <b>C</b> ; Water)
9.6	Evaporation rate	Not applicable
9.7	V apor pressure	Not applicable
9.8	Vapor density	Not applicable
9.9	Solubility (Water)	Not applicable (Electrolyte is soluble.)
	ABILITY & REACTIVITY	
Howe		used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. zing/over-discharging, and long-term storage in a high-temperature environment of the battery.
10.1	Possible causes of fire	Sparks due to short-circuit. A large current is applied to a module or a cell.
10.2	Possible causes of explosion	The battery will not explode by itself unless the safety valve is frequently activated and the battery is kept in an airtight container, in which case the oxygen and hydrogen produced from the battery may trigger an explosion.
10.3	Possible causes of fire and explosion	<ul> <li>(1) Overcharging or over-discharging</li> <li>(2) The temperature of the battery at 100°C or higher</li> <li>(3) Overcharging or over-discharging of the battery in an airtight container located close to a heat source</li> </ul>
	)XICOLOGICAL INFORMA	
Ifthe		g as it is used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage ched, the alkaline electrolyte or contents that have leaked out of the casing may
	Carcinogenisity	The nickel-plated iron of this product is not harmful as long as it is used for prescribed purposes and in accordance with its designated usage. This product contains both nickel compounds and cobalt, which are classified as carcinogens by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and the National Toxicology Program (NTP).

12. DI	ISPOSAL	
		Batteries should be disposed in accordance with designated provisions by vehicle manufacturers or dealers.
13. TF	I RANSPORTATION INFORM	ATION
Refer	to "14. REGULATORY INFO	RMATION" for applicable laws and regulations.
	Label of contents	The surface of the casing should clearly show that the product is a nickel metal hydride battery. The notice "Non-spillable" should also be added when the product is transported. Refer to "14. REGULATORY INFORMATION" for applicable laws and regulations.
13.2	No short-circuit	The battery terminals should be designed so that external short-circuiting can be avoided. Make sure that batteries do not cause short circuiting during the packaging process.
13.3	No damage and overturn	Use sufficiently strong materials for packaging boxes so that the product is not damaged due to vibration, shocks, falls, stacking, and so on. Pack the product so that the battery does not fall sideways, and is not inverted during transportation.
13.4	Protection from rain water	Avoid contact with rain water during storage and transportation.
	Protection from fire and high temperatures	Do not place the product close to fire during storage and transportation. Avoid storage in a high-temperature environment. Example: Avoid leaving batteries for disposal in a parked vehicle under the scorching sun.
14. RF	EGULATORY INFORMATIO	N
	transportation (Hazardous shipping transportation and storage	<ul> <li>(1) United Nations (Transport of Dangerous Goods)</li> <li>•UN Number 2800</li> <li>•Classes 8</li> <li>•Special Provision 238</li> <li>(2) International Air Transport Association (IATA)</li> <li>•UN Number 2800</li> </ul>
		Classes 8     Special Provision A67     (3) International Maritime Dangerous Gode (IMGD)
		•UN Number 2800 •Classes 8 •Special Provision 29,238
		<ul> <li>(4) Department of Transportation (DOT)</li> <li>•UN Number 2800</li> <li>•Classes 8</li> <li>•Special Provision 49 CFR 173.159(d)</li> </ul>
15 01	 THER INFORMATION	
	Cautions	(1)Cautions and prohibited items in this Data Sheet relate to only normal use.
15.1	Cautions	<ul> <li>(1) Cautions and promoted items in this Data sheet relate to only normal use.</li> <li>Take appropriate safety measures suited for the environment when the product is used for special purposes.</li> <li>(2) This Data Sheet provides only the information of the product, and is not to be taken as a warranty.</li> <li>(3) It is intended for use by persons with technical skills and at their own</li> </ul>
		discretion and risk. (4)The user is responsible for determining that any usage of the data or information in this Data Sheet is in accordance with associated federal, state, and local laws and regulations.
16.0	Date of creation/revision	November 10, 2008